HIGH PRAIRIE FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors High Prairie Farms Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the High Prairie Farms Metropolitan District as of and for the year December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the High Prairie Farms Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the High Prairie Farms Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected (the Other Information) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Other Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Daysio & Associates, P.C.

February 23, 2016

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HIGH PRAIRIE FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 994,862	
Cash and investments - Restricted	16,100	
Receivable - County Treasurer	4,122	
Property taxes receivable	534,736	
Prepaid expenses	194	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	2,162,073	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	998,674	
Total assets	4,710,761	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	<u> </u>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property tax revenue	534,736	
Total deferred inflows of resources	534,736	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	3,160,747	
Emergency reserves	16,100	
Unrestricted	985,326	
Total net position	\$ 4,162,173	

HIGH PRAIRIE FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2015

				am Revenu perating		bital Grants	Rev Cha	(Expenses) venues and nges in Net Position
		Charges for	Gra	ants and		and	Gov	vernmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Con	tributions	Co	ntributions	A	Activities
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 637,229	\$ -	\$	10,440	\$	329,261	\$	(297,528)
	\$ 637,229	\$-	\$	10,440	\$	329,261		(297,528)
	General reven	ues:						
	Property tax	es						478,958
	Specific own	ership taxes						46,050
	Net investme	ent income						2,989
	Other incom	e						7,118
	IREA refund	S					_	424
	Total gen	eral revenues						535,539
	Change i	n net position						238,011
	Net position -	Beginning						3,924,162
	Net position -						\$	4,162,173

HIGH PRAIRIE FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND December 31, 2015

	Go	vernmental Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	994,862
Cash and investments - Restricted		16,100
Receivable - County Treasurer		4,122
Property taxes receivable		534,736
Prepaid expenses		194
Total assets	\$	1,550,014
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	13,852
Total liabilities		13,852
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred property tax revenue		534,736
Total deferred inflows of resources		534,736
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid expenses		194
Restricted:		
Emergency reserves		16,100
Assigned:		
Working capital		127,000
Future capital replacement		285,571
Subsequent years expenditures		553,238
Unassigned:		
General government		19,323
Total fund balances		1,001,426
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund		3,160,747
Net position of governmental activities	\$	4,162,173
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HIGH PRAIRIE FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Governmental Fund	
REVENUES		
Property taxes	\$ 478,958	
Specific ownership taxes	46,050	
Conservation trust funds	10,440	
Net investment income	2,989	
IREA refunds	424	
Other income	7,118	
Total revenues	545,979	
EXPENDITURES		
Accounting	63,805	
Audit	4,200	
County Treasurer's fees	7,192	
Directors' fees	5,900	
Publications and dues	750	
Insurance	9,147	
Legal	57,287	
Records retention	3,675	
Miscellaneous	2,174	
Website development	289	
Maintenance - Chemicals and fertilizer	4,060	
Maintenance - Contract	130,656	
Maintenance - Equipment repairs and parts	6,500	
Maintenance - Fuel and oil	2,710	
Maintenance - Other	15,966	
Maintenance - Tree spraying	75,038	
Maintenance - Sprinkler	5,457	
Maintenance - Weed spraying	9,726	
Maintenance - Wild fire land mitigation	39,730	
Christmas lights	5,819	
Security	4,749	
Sign maintenance and additions	273	
Storage facility lease	500	
Utilities	6,375	
Water	21,207	
Erosion Maintenance - Parkway mulching	4,368	
Storm drainage (Includes engineering)	25,901	
Horned Owl Trail	10,827	
Capital outlay - Equipment purchases	18,527	
Capital outlay - Open space and pocket park	14,501	
Capital outlay - Mailboxes	31,035	
Total expenditures	588,344	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(42,365)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,043,791	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,001,426	

HIGH PRAIRIE FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - Total governmental fund	\$ (42,365)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the	
statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense	
the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated	
useful life of the asset.	
Capital outlay	391,330
Depreciation	 (110,954)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 238,011

HIGH PRAIRIE FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			(
Property taxes	\$ 478,956	\$ 478,958	\$2
Specific ownership taxes	38,316	46,050	7,734
Colorado state lottery funds	10,000	10,440	440
Net investment income	2,000	2,989	989
IREA refunds	2,000	424	424
Other income	1,000	7,118	6,118
Total revenues	530,272	545,979	15,707
EXPENDITURES	000,272	040,010	10,707
Accounting	57,000	63,805	(6,805)
Audit	4,300	4,200	100
Contingency	9,377	1,200	9,377
County Treasurer's fees	7,184	- 7,192	(8)
Directors' fees	8,500	5,900	2,600
Publications and dues	700	750	(50)
Insurance	9,200		53
		9,147	
Legal	45,000	57,287	(12,287)
Records retention	-	3,675	(3,675)
Miscellaneous	2,091	2,174	(83)
Website development	3,500	289	3,211
Maintenance - Chemicals and fertilizer	5,000	4,060	940
Maintenance - Contract	130,548	130,656	(108)
Maintenance - Equipment repairs and parts	10,000	6,500	3,500
Maintenance - Fuel and oil	5,500	2,710	2,790
Maintenance - Other	38,000	15,966	22,034
Maintenance - Tree spraying	60,000	75,038	(15,038)
Maintenance - Sprinkler	8,000	5,457	2,543
Maintenance - Weed spraying	15,000	9,726	5,274
Maintenance - Wild fire land mitigation	125,000	39,730	85,270
Christmas lights	8,000	5,819	2,181
Security	5,400	4,749	651
Sign maintenance and additions	5,000	273	4,727
Storage facility lease	500	500	-
Utilities	8,000	6,375	1,625
Water	26,000	21,207	4,793
Reserve study	7,000	-	7,000
Erosion Maintenance - Parkway mulching	30,000	4,368	25,632
Erosion repair - Walking paths	50,000	-	50,000
Storm drainage (Includes engineering)	50,000	25,901	24,099
Horned Owl Trail	-	10,827	(10,827)
Capital outlay - Building	2,500	-	2,500
Capital outlay - Equipment purchases	30,000	18,527	11,473
Capital outlay - Fence replacement	3,000	-	3,000
Capital outlay - Detention pond	75,000	-	75,000
Capital outlay - Open space and pocket park	15,000	14,501	499
Capital outlay - Traffic signage - Filing 29/30	10,000	-	10,000
Capital outlay - Trails and sidewalks	50,000	-	50,000
Capital outlay - Fountain pond	140,000	-	140,000
Capital outlay - Mailboxes	20,000	31,035	(11,035)
Capital outlay - Contingency	20,000		20,000
Total expenditures	1,099,300	588,344	510,956
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(569,028)	(42,365)	526,663
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	880,308	1,043,791	163,483
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 311,280	\$ 1,001,426	\$ 690,146

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

High Prairie Farms Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation, was organized on May 5, 1986, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Douglas County, Colorado. The District was established to provide public services, including streets, safety protection, transportation and park and recreational facilities.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for property and equipment are shown as increases in assets.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. parks, trails and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Building	30 years
Parks and playground equipment	5-20 years
Lighting and signage	15 years
Equipment	5 years

Fund Equity

Net Position

For government -wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

 Nonspendable fund balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- *Restricted fund balance* The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.
- Assigned fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.
- Unassigned fund balance The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2015, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 994,862
Cash and investments - Restricted	 16,100
Total cash and investments	\$ 1,010,962
Cash and investments as of December 31, 2015, consist of the following:	

Deposits with financial institutions	\$	3,790
Investments		1,007,172
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	1,010,962

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2015, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$7,819 and a carrying balance of \$3,790.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase and reverse agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2015, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Fai	r Value
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust) Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted average under 60 days Weighted average	\$	473,955
	under 60 days		<u>533,217</u>
	-	\$	1,007,172

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statues governing Colotrust. Colotrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Colotrust offers two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of agencies of the U.S. government and written purchase agreements collateralized by U.S Treasury securities or certain obligations of U.S government agencies. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as a custodian for Colotrust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement.

The custodian acts as a safekeeping agent for Colotrust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by Colotrust. Colotrust is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE), an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing CSAFE. CSAFE is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in the District's capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2015, follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31 2015
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,832,822	\$ 329,251	\$-	\$2,162,073
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,832,822	329,251	-	2,162,073
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building	363,721	-	-	363,721
Lighting and signage	339,489	-	-	339,489
Parks and recreation	1,507,034	12,507	-	1,519,541
Equipment	241,902	18,527	-	260,429
Mailboxes		31,045		31,045
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,452,146	62,079	-	2,514,225
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	66,682	12,124	-	78,806
Lighting and signage	146,245	17,348	-	163,593
Parks and recreation	1,024,093	53,927	-	1,078,020
Equipment	167,577	26,960	-	194,537
Mailboxes		595		595
Total accumulated depreciation	1,404,597	110,954		1,515,551
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,047,549	(48,875)		998,674
Capital assets, net	\$2,880,371	\$ 280,376	<u>\$ -</u>	\$3,160,747

Depreciation expense was charged to the general government of the District for the year ended December 31, 2015, in the amount of \$110,954.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2015, the District had no authorized, unissued debt.

NOTE 6 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

The District entered into an agreement in 2000 with Denver Southeast Suburban Water and Sanitation District (DSSWS) for the construction of a pumping station and storage facility (joint use facility). Pursuant to the agreement, the DSSWS would design and construct the joint use facility and lease the storage facility to the District. The lease also contains provisions and a formula for shared maintenance of the facility. No maintenance costs were incurred during 2015. A lease payment of \$500.00 was made by the District in 2015. The future annual lease payments are \$500 per year through 2098 and may be adjusted for inflation as defined in the agreement.

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if any. As of December 31, 2015, the District had net investment in capital assets in the amount of \$3,160,747.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2015, amounting to \$16,100.

The District's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2015, totaled \$985,326.

NOTE 8 - CONSERVATION TRUST FUND

The Conservation Trust Fund represents the net unspent proceeds received from the State Lottery for the Conservation Trust Fund. Changes in the Conservation Trust Fund are as follows:

Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	-
Entitlement		10,440
Net investment income		6
Capital outlay - Open space - Wildfire land mitigation		(10,446)
Balance, December 31, 2015	<u>\$</u>	-

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On May 7, 1996, voters approved a revenue change commencing in 1996 and each year thereafter, allowing the District to collect, retain and spend state and local government grants, developer contributions, HB 1006 Revenue, rates, fees, tolls and charges, and any other revenues not derived from ad valorem taxes. In 1996 and each year thereafter; and shall such revenues and any investment income thereon be approved as voter-approved revenue change, without limiting any such year the collection of any other revenues.

On November 5, 1996, voters approved the District to increase taxes by \$20,000 annually, to be produced by a total mill levy not to exceed 12.000 mills certified in 1996 and collected in 1997, and by whatever additional amounts, if any, are raised and collected each year thereafter from a total mill levy not to exceed 12.00 mills, for the maintenance of District landscaping and all other lawful District expenses, and shall such revenues and any investment income be collected and spent as a voter approved revenue change without regard to any spending, revenue raising of

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

other limitation of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution; and shall the revenue from such taxes and investment income thereon also be approved for1997 and each year thereafter as an increased levy under Section 29-1-302, C.R.S.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

HIGH PRAIRIE FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2015

Year Ended	f	Prior ar Assessed Valuation or Current ear Property		Total Prop	perty 1	Гaxes	Percentage Collected
<u>December 31,</u>		Tax Levy	Mills Levied	 Levied	C	ollected	to Levied
2011	\$	46,162,620	12.000	\$ 553,951	\$	553,535	99.92%
2012	\$	38,529,060	12.000	\$ 462,349	\$	461,956	99.91%
2013	\$	38,651,700	12.000	\$ 463,820	\$	464,021	100.03%
2014	\$	39,633,798	12.000	\$ 475,606	\$	475,534	99.97%
2015	\$	39,913,040	12.000	\$ 478,956	\$	478,958	100.00%
Estimated for the year ending December 31,							
2016	\$	44,561,300	12.000	\$ 534,736			